

#### **Introduction:**

This is the second specialized report by PCHR on sweeping of land and demolishing of houses and civilian facilities by the Israeli occupation forces in the Gaza Strip, since the outbreak of clashes between Palestinian civilians and the Israeli occupation forces on September 29, 2000. This report covers the period of October 26-November 21, 2000, continuing our first report on the period of September 29-October 25, 2000. In the first 27 days of clashes, the Israeli occupation forces swept 807 donums of land, about half of which were agricultural lands. The following 27 days witnessed unprecedented escalation of sweeping and demolition that affected 2031.5 donums of land, including more than 1,970 donums of agricultural land. These figures do not include the areas of houses and civilian and agricultural facilities established outside these areas, which were also swept and demolished.

The human rights violations committed by the Israeli occupation forces against Palestinian civilians are not limited to willful killing and shelling by combat helicopters, gunboats and tanks of civilian facilities and residential neighborhoods. The violations are also not limited to implementing measures of collective punishment through imposing a total siege on the occupied Palestinian territories and isolating Palestinian cities and areas from one another. In addition, the Israeli occupation forces are sweeping large areas of Palestinian agricultural and wooded land, and destroying houses and civilian facilities. What the Israeli occupation forces are doing in the occupied Palestinian territories against Palestinian land and property is an implementation of the policies of Israeli governments aiming at creating new facts on the ground that are irreversible. The uprooting of thousands of fruitful trees and the destruction of greenhouses, which are the bases of the Palestinian agricultural sector, will cause financial losses for several years in the future, even if we assume that Palestinian civilians will be able to replant their land in the future. But there is real danger these lands may never be regained by Palestinian farmers. Illegal Israeli settlements may well annex parts of these swept areas or they may be used for military posts, bypass roads or security space for the Israeli occupation forces. These actions are blatant violations of individual and collective economic and social rights.

The actions of the Israeli occupation forces in the occupied Palestinian territories are blatant violations of the IV Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War (1949). Article 53 of the Convention states:

Any destruction by the Occupying Power of real or personal property belonging individually or collectively to private persons, or to the State, or to other public authorities, or to social or cooperative organizations, is prohibited, except where such destruction is rendered absolutely necessary by military operations.

Article 147 of the Convention states:

. - - -



Grave breaches to which the preceding Article relates shall be those involving any of the following acts, if committed against persons or property protected by the present Convention: willful killing, torture or inhuman treatment, including biological experiments, willfully causing great suffering or serious injury to body or health, unlawful deportation or transfer or unlawful confinement of a protected person, compelling a protected person to serve in the forces of a hostile Power, or willfully depriving a protected person of the rights of fair and regular trial prescribed in the present Convention, taking of hostages and extensive destruction and appropriation of property, not justified by military necessity and carried out unlawfully and wantonly.

#### Article 33 of the Convention states:

No protected person may be punished for an offence he or she has not personally committed. Collective penalties and likewise all measures of intimidation or of terrorism are prohibited.

The sweeping has included more than 2,830 donums of agricultural and wooded land since the outbreak of clashes between Palestinian civilians and the Israeli occupation forces. In addition, the Israeli occupation forces destroyed civilian and agricultural facilities and uprooted thousands of fruit-bearing trees. It is expected that these forces will systematically continue these actions as they control 42 percent of the area of the Gaza Strip – out of a total of 365 square kilometers. This will lead to further deterioration of the economic and social rights of Palestinian civilians. The Israeli occupation forces aim at creating new facts on the ground as they have continued to reinforce their presence and to establish new military posts in the Gaza Strip.

PCHR condemns these illegal actions carried out by the Israeli occupation forces. PCHR reiterates its call for the international community, especially the High Contracting Parties (HCPs) to the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949, to take deterrent measures against the Israeli military occupation authorities. PCHR also calls on these HCPs to activate Article 1 of the Convention, to ensure its respect, and to put an end to frequent attacks on civilian residents' property.

PCHR calls upon the international community to immediately provide international protection for Palestinian civilians in the occupied Palestinian territories as a basic step to stopping Israeli aggression against Palestinian lives and properties.

The following section of this report details the sweeping and demolition carried out by the Israeli occupation forces during the period of October 26 – November 21, 2000. At the end of the report, there is a table showing the tracts of land swept from September 29, 2000 to November 21, 2000.

#### Rafah:

Friday, October 27, 2000:



Early in the morning, bulldozers of the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep more areas of agricultural land near the western Rafah-Khan Yunis road, near Morag junction. These bulldozers swept three donums of agricultural land planted with olives, palms and vegetables, owned by the heirs of Meziad Zeidan Dhuheir. They also destroyed an agricultural pool and an irrigation network.

# Sunday, October 29, 2000:

From Sunday evening until midday of the following day, the Israeli occupation forces swept 58 donums of agricultural land, to the southwest of Morag settlement (on the eastern side of the western Rafah-Khan Yunis road), owned by farmers of the Dhuheir family. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that the Israeli occupation forces swept or demolished:

- 1) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Madhiouf Meziad Dhuheir.
- 2) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Zeidan Meziad Dhuheir.
- 3) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Mohammed Meziad Dhuheir.
- 4) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Ramadan Meziad Dhuheir.
- 5) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Fadhel Meziad Dhuheir.
- 6) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Dheifallah Meziad Dhuheir.
- 7) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Noufal Jaber Dhuheir.
- 8) A three-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by A'zmi Jaber Dhuheir.
- 9) A four-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Zuhri Jaber Dhuheir.
- 10) A seven-donum area of agricultural land on parts of which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Omar Jaber Dhuheir.
- 11) A chicken farm from which 1,200 hens were killed or escaped during sweeping; a rabbit farm was similarly ruined.
- 12) A 180-square-meter house owned by the farmer Omar Dhuheir. Residents of the house were evacuated without being able to take their furniture.
- 13) A five-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Abdel-Karim Barakat Dhuheir.
- 14) A four-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Khaled Abdel-Karim Dhuheir.
- 15) A four-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Seif Abdel-Karim Dhuheir.



- 16) A two-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Amin Abdel-Karim Dhuheir.
- 17) A two-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Mohammed Abdel-Karim Dhuheir.
- 18) A two-donum area of agricultural land on which greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Jamil Abdel-Karim Dhuheir.
- 19) Agricultural pools, water pumps and irrigation networks of the above greenhouses were destroyed.

The area of each greenhouse was one donum, and its cost is estimated at US\$ 10,000. Losses caused by the destruction of these greenhouses alone are estimated at more than US\$ 600,000.

# Monday, October 30, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept large areas of agricultural land and destroyed agricultural facilities adjacent to the Palestinian-Egyptian border. The total area of the swept land is 85 donums. The sweeping and demolition included:

- 1) A strip of agricultural land two kilometers long and 30-50 meters wide planted with olives and almonds. The area of this strip of land is about 80 donums. It is owned by the Qeshta, El-Nahhal and Bahloul families.
- 2) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mahmoud Ahmed El-Shae'r.
- 3) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Samir Hassan El-Shae'r.

# Tuesday, October 31, 2000:

From the evening of this day until the following day, the Israeli occupation forces started to establish a settlement road between the western Rafah-Khan Yunis road and Morag settlement. The new road crosses the land of the Dhuheir family swept on October 29, 2000.

# Wednesday, November 1, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces resumed the sweeping of agricultural land along the Palestinian-Egyptian border, which started on October 29, 2000. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that another strip of agricultural land, one kilometer long and 30-50 meters wide was swept. This included sweeping of:

- 1) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Mahrous Suleiman Abu Fatma
- 2) A six-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Suleiman Salem Abu Fatma.



- 3) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Fayez Suleiman Abu Fatma.
- 4) A 20-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds and olives, owned by the heirs of Mahmoud Hamdan Qeshta and Soreiqi Mohammed Qeshta.

#### Friday, November 3, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept more areas of agricultural land adjacent to the borderline with Egypt. This time they swept 28 donums. The sweeping included:

- 1) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Suleiman Saleh El-Shae'r.
- 2) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Salah Salem El-Shae'r.
- 3) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Suleiman Mohammed El-Shae'r.
- 4) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Sabri Fathi El-Shae'r.
- 5) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and oranges, owned by Nassar Hussein El-Shae'r.
- 6) An agricultural pool used for irrigation, owned by Mahmoud Ahmed El-Shae'r.
- 7) Additional areas of agricultural land owned by the families of Qeshta and Abu Fatma. The Israeli occupation forces started to sweep this land on November 1, 2000. This time, these forces swept about 15 donums planted with olives and almonds, so the total swept areas totaled 53 donums.

The Israeli occupation forces also swept three Palestinian houses near the borderline in Rafah. In the morning, at about 7:00 local time, sounds of shooting were heard in the area. Before that, Mahmoud Ahmed Abu Riash left his house to work, leaving his wife and children in his house, which was about 50 meters from the borderline. His wife and children left the house, escaping from intensive shooting by the Israeli occupation forces. In a few minutes, bulldozers of the Israeli occupation forces started to demolish the 150-square-meter house. The house was completely demolished without its owners being able to evacuate their furniture.

The Israeli occupation forces also demolished a 200-square-meter house owned by Suleiman Mohammed El-Riatti, 40 years old, married, and a father of six children. When the house, which was in its final stages of construction, was demolished, its owner was not there.

The third demolished house was near the other two houses. It was a 150-square-meter house owned by Hani Jaber Salem Abu Hani. In his testimony to PCHR, Abu Hani said that during the afternoon of Friday, November 3, 2000, he went to his house, which he had left two weeks before because of the frequent shooting by the Israeli occupation forces in the area. When he arrived at the area, he found his house completely demolished on top of its furniture. He added that neighbors told him that bulldozers of the Israeli occupation forces demolished his house with the other two houses.



# Monday, November 6, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces and a number of settlers swept areas of agricultural land adjacent to the eastern side of Morag settlement. In his testimony to PCHR, Abdel-Ghani Hassan Abu Jazar, 43 years old, from Rafah, said that three settlers and a bulldozer of the Israeli occupation forces invaded the land at about 21:00 local time on the previous day, under the escort of 10 soldiers of the Israeli occupation forces. They immediately started to sweep 16 donums of agricultural land planted with olives and almonds. The sweeping lasted until 1:00 on Monday. The swept areas were fenced with barbed wire, apparently to pave the way for annexation to Morag settlement. The swept areas of agricultural land are owned by:

- 1) Jdallah Ahmed Jarad Dhuheir 10 donums;
- 2) Mohammed Hamad Abu Jazar five donums; and
- 3) Abdel-Ghani Hussein Abu Jazar one donum.

# Wednesday, November 8, 2000:

From 17:00 local time until midnight, three bulldozers escorted by Israeli occupation troops, reinforced with armored vehicles and military jeeps, swept hundreds of donums of agricultural land adjacent to the borderline with Egypt in the southeast of Rafah. Bulldozers started to sweep areas of agricultural land from near Rafah Border Crossing moving to the east towards the village of Al-Dehneya on the truce line. This included a strip of agricultural land three kilometers long and 30-50 meters wide adjacent to the Palestinian-Egyptian border. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that the area of swept land was not less than 600 donums planted with olives, citrus and vegetables, owned by the Al-Romeilat, Abu Jarad, Abu Shousha, Abu Sneid and Al-Weqili families.

The Israeli occupation forces also swept 20 greenhouses and demolished five houses. These forces also occupied a 170-square-meter house owned by Zaki Salim Jaradat. They expelled him with his eight-member family under the threat of violence. On November 10, the Israeli occupation forces left the house after they caused severe damage to its windows and doors. The demolished houses were:

- 1) A 150-square-meter house owned by Hesham Abu Shousha, in which his sister lived with her husband and children. The house was demolished on top of its furniture.
- 2) The house of Akram Jaradat, in which he lived with his eight-member family. The house was demolished on top of its furniture.
- 3) A 50-square-meter house owned by Ayyoub Al-Romeilat. It was demolished on top of its furniture.
- 4) A 50-square-meter tin house, owned by Mohammed Al-Weqili, in which he lived with his wife. Agricultural tools and equipment inside the house were also destroyed.
- 5) A 70-square-meter tin house, owned by Salim Jaradat, in which he lived with his wife, near his land which was swept.

#### Thursday, November 9, 2000:



On this day and on the following day, the Israeli occupation forces swept more than 40 donums of agricultural land planted with almonds, olives and vegetables in the same area. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that the sweeping included:

- 1) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, almonds and vegetables, owned by A'ayed Mohammed Eid Al-Romeilat.
- 2) A 15-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, almonds and vegetables, owned by Abdel-Azziz Mohammed El-Jradat.
- 3) A 20-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, almonds and vegetables, owned by Nayef Al-Romeilat.

PCHR's field officer added that the Israeli occupation forces swept irrigation networks and electricity towers, and closed all branch roads in the vicinity of the swept areas.

## Saturday, November 11, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept more areas of agricultural land in the same area. The sweeping included:

- 1) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Khali Abdel-Hadi Baroud.
- 2) A one-donum area of agricultural land on which a greenhouse was established, owned by Zaki Salim Abu Jarad.
- 3) A 200-square-meter fowl farm, owned by Subhi Abu Shousha.
- 4) Two graves were demolished.

At about 13:00 local time on the same day, the Israeli occupation forces fired five shells at greenhouses owned by farmers of the Zourob family, 50 meters away from the borderline in the west of Rafah. In his testimony to PCHR, Yahia Shehdeh Saleh Zourob, 45 years old, one of the owners of the damaged greenhouses, said that farmers had not been able to reach these houses since the outbreak of incidents on September 29, 2000, because of frequent shooting by Israeli occupation troops positioned at a military post on the borderline. The shelling damaged four greenhouses owned by the above-mentioned citizen and his brothers. After the shelling, Israeli occupation troops burned another three greenhouses, causing severe damage.

#### Wednesday, November 15, 2000:

At about 7:00 local time, under the escort of three tanks, a bulldozer of the Israeli occupation forces swept approximately 13 donums of agricultural land, owned by farmers of the El-Shae'r family, in Al-Salam neighborhood near the borderline in Rafah. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that the sweeping included:

1) A three-donum area of agricultural land owned by Nassra Hussein El-Shae'r – two donums of which were planted with olives, while the remaining portion of land held a greenhouse planted with vegetables.



- 2) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, citrus and fruits, owned by Abed Ahmed El-Shae'r. In addition, an animal farm was destroyed, and five sheep and a number of birds were killed.
- 3) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Suleiman Mohammed El-Shae'r.
- 4) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and fruits, owned by Mahmoud Mohammed Daoud.
- 5) A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Sameer Hassan El-Shae'r. In addition, a room of agricultural equipment was destroyed.
- 6) A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Saleh Hassan El-Shae'r.
- 7) A 300-square-meter area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Majed Hassan El-Shae'r.

## Thursday, November 16, 2000:

At about 16:00 local time, the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep a strip of agricultural land in Al-Salam neighborhood in Rafah, to the west of Rafah Border Crossing. PCHR's field officer in Rafah reported that the sweeping included 54 donums of agricultural land 700 meters long and 50-100 meters wide. They swept:

- 1) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Adnan Fayez Suleiman Al-Romeilat. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 2) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Mahrous Suleiman Salem Abu Fatma.
- 3) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Fayez Suleiman Salem Al-Romeilat.
- 4) A six-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Fayez Suleiman Al-Romeilat.
- 5) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by the heirs of Suleiman Salman Abu A'yyad.
- 6) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by Abdel-Hamid Shoreigi Hamad Qeshta.
- 7) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by Salem Shoreiqi Hamad Qeshta.
- 8) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by Shoreiqi Hamad Qeshta.
- 9) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by Fathi Shoreiqi Hamad Qeshta.
- 10) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by Subhi Shoreiqi Hamad Qeshta.
- 11) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and almonds, owned by the heirs of Mansour Shoreiqi Hamad Qeshta.



PCHR's field officer added that the Israeli occupation forces cut the waterlines that provide Al-Souka neighborhood with water. As a result, more than 300 Palestinian families could not get drinking water.

In the area near the junction leading to Morag settlement in Rafah, PCHR's field officer reported Israeli occupation troops with road pavement equipment had been positioned on the Rafah-Khan Yunis western road. In the evening, they started to pave a new settlement road between the above-mentioned road and Morag settlement, crossing the land of the Dhuheir family, which was swept by the Israeli occupation forces on October 29, 2000. The new road shortens the distance for the Israeli occupation forces and settlers while moving between Gush Qatif settlement block in the west and Morag settlement in the east.

# Tuesday, November 21, 2000:

At about 10:00 local time, the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep areas of agricultural land near the borderline in Rafah (Al-Salam neighborhood). The sweeping, which lasted for two hours, included:

- 1) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds, owned by Fayez Suleiman Al-Romeilat. The Israeli occupation forces annexed this tract of land to previously swept areas of land, which they used for a post of tanks and armored vehicles in the area.
- 2) A one-donum area of agricultural land surrounded with a fence, on which three rooms used as a bird farm were established, owned by Dheeb Abu Awwad.

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces demolished the house of Sami Eissa Mohammed Jarbou', in which seven people lived. The 200-square-meter house was near the borderline to the west of Rafah Border Crossing.

#### **Khan Yunis**

## Thursday, October 26, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces started a wide-ranging sweeping at the entrance of the road branching from Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip) and leading to Kissufim Crossing in the east, and in the strip opposite to the mentioned junction on the western side of Salah El-Din Street. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that the Israeli occupation forces swept 30 donums of agricultural land and caused other damage, as follows:

- 1) Demolishing a 250-square-meter, one-story house owned by Yousef Abu Houli.
- 2) Destroying a well and a water pump owned by Yousef Abu Houli.
- 3) Sweeping a 15-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and palms, owned by Yousef Abu Houli.



- 4) Sweeping a five-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives and vegetables, and destroying an irrigation network, owned by Abdel-Qader Abu Houli.
- 5) Sweeping a 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Fawzi El-Oedra.

#### Sunday, October 29, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept a 10-donum area of wooded land, at the entrance of the road branching from Salah El-Din Street and leading to Kissufim Crossing on the eastern border of the Gaza Strip. The swept area is owned by Khalaf Abu Hajjaj.

# Wednesday, November 8, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept a 14-donum area of agricultural land planted with almonds and olives, to the north of a branch road of Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip) leading to Kissufim crossing. The swept tract of land is a part of a 60-donum area of land owned by Abdullah Shehadeh El-Maghayzha and Mhadi Ne'mat El-Agha. In his testimony to PCHR, Abdullah El-Maghayzha, 58 years old, from Al-Qarara, stated that sweeping started at about 10:00 local time. The attack saw the leveling of 45 olive trees and 200 almond trees which were planted 45 years ago.

#### Saturday, November 11, 2000:

From the previous evening until this morning, the Israeli occupation forces swept areas of agricultural land in the area of Gizan Al-Najjar, in the south of the city, to the north of Morag settlement, including the following:

- 1) Demolishing a house and a fence established on a 500-square meter area of land, in which 16 people live, owned by Abdel-Hafez Abdel-Karim Al-Najjar.
- 2) Sweeping a two-donum area surrounding the mentioned house, an agricultural pool, a motorized pump and a motor for spraying agricultural chemical materials, owned by Abdel-Hafez Abdel-Karim Al-Najjar.
- 3) Sweeping a 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, and destroying its irrigation network, owned by Khalil Omar Shaker Al-Najjar.
- 4) Sweeping a 30-donum area of agricultural land owned by Khalil Omar Shaker Al-Najjar.
- 5) Closing two agricultural roads leading to the above-mentioned areas.

#### Monday, November 13, 2000:

A large number of Israeli occupation troops swept vast areas of agricultural land measuring 150-300 meters in width on the sides of the road branching from Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip) and leading to Kissufim Crossing on the Green Line. They also demolished houses, destroyed irrigation networks and killed livestock cattle



after destroying barracks. The sweeping of 155 donums of agricultural land, which lasted until 5:00 local time this morning, included:

- 1) A 20-donum area of agricultural land planted with oranges, olives and palms, owned by Khalaf Hamdan Abu Hajjaj. In addition, a four-room house was demolished, nine sheep were killed and an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 2) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with oranges, olives and palms, owned by Salman Salem Abu Hajjaj. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 3) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Hammad Hamdan Abu Hajjaj. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 4) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Abdel-Hadi Hamdan Abu Hajjaj.
- 5) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Sami Sae'id Abu Hajjaj.
- 6) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed Salama Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 7) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Salama Salama Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 8) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed Salman Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 9) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Salman Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 10) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Jehad Salman Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 11) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, figs and vegetables, owned by A'ayesh Ghanem Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network, a motor and a water pump were destroyed.
- 12) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, almonds and vegetables, owned by Ayman Sweilem Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 13) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, figs and grapes, owned by Jarir Sweilem Abu Haddaf. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 14) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed Sweilem Abu Haddaf.
- 15) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, pomegranates and figs, owned by Hani Salman Abu Haddaf.
- 16) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Salem Sweilem Abu Haddaf.
- 17) A 12-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and citrus, owned by A'yyash A'ayesh Abu Haddaf.
- 18) A 500-square-meter area of agricultural land planted with olives and grapes, owned by Mohammed Abdel-Qader Al-Baz. In addition, two rooms and a toilet were demolished.



- 19) A 500-square-meter area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Kamel Salem Abu Haddaf.
- 20) A one-donum area of agricultural land owned by Mohammed Salem Abu Haddaf.
- 21) A 500-square-meter area of agricultural land planted with olives and fruits, owned by Ibrahim Ba'lousheh. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 22) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and guavas, owned by Abdel-Hadi Mohammed Abu Haddaf.
- 23) An 18-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms and citrus, owned by Mohammed Salem Abu Haddaf and others.
- 24) A 12-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed Abed Rabbo Abu Haddaf.
- 25) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Joma'a Al-Smeiri. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed and a 300-square-meter poultry farm was demolished.
- 26) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ibrahim Joma'a Al-Smeiri. An irrigation network and a water motor were destroyed.
- 27) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Majed Mohammed Al-Smeiri.
- 28) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Joma'a Al-Smeiri
- 29) An eight-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Ahmed Al-Smeiri.
- 30) A 150-square-meter house owned by Salman Mohammed Al-Smeiri.
- 31) A 120-square-meter house owned by Ossama A'ayesh Abu Haddaf.
- 32) An area of seven donums in total of agricultural land planted with more than 300 olive trees, owned by farmers of the Al-Smeiri family.

#### Tuesday, November 14, 2000:

At approximately 23:30 local time, the Israeli occupation forces resumed the sweeping of agricultural land on both sides of the road branching from Salah El-Din Street and leading to Kissufim Crossing on the Green Line, which started the previous day. More than 88.5 donums of agricultural land were swept. The sweeping, which lasted until 6:00 local time in the morning of the following day, included:

- 1) A 40-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, almonds and pomegranates, owned by Abdullah Shehadeh Al-Maghaydha. In addition, two rooms holding animals were demolished.
- 2) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Hammad Saleh Abu Haddaf. In addition, a well and a water pump were destroyed.



- 3) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and palms, owned by Fatheya Mohammed Abu Ziadeh.
- 4) A seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Hassan Abu Kaware'.
- 5) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Fawzi Abu Taha. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 6) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Zayed Salem O'beid. In addition an agricultural pool and an irrigation pump were destroyed.
- 7) A 12.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with citrus, owned by Abdel-Qader Al-Masri.
- 8) A 12.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with citrus, owned by Dhiab Al-Masri.
- 9) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with citrus, owned by Mohammed Salem Abu Haddaf.
- 10) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Abdel-A'ati Yousef Al-Mozayyen. In addition, an irrigation network and a well were destroyed.
- 11) A one-donum greenhouse planted with vegetables, owned by Saman E'id Abu E'reiban. In addition, two rooms were demolished.
- 12) A two-donum greenhouse owned by the family of Abu E'mran.
- 13) Demolishing two rooms and an iron gate owned by Abdel-Hamid Al-Qedra.
- 14) Destroying a well and two water pumps owned by Khalaf Abu Hajjaj.
- 15) Destroying three columns of an under-construction house, owned by Abed Rabbo Abu Haddaf.

## Wednesday, November 15, 2000:

At about 23:00 local time, the Israeli occupation forces resumed the sweeping of agricultural land on both sides of the road branching from Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip) and leading to Kissufim Crossing on the Green Line. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that these forces swept a 60-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and citrus, on the western side of Salah El-Din Street, 300 meters away from Kissufim junction. The swept tract of land is owned by the Al-Ja'farawi family.

#### Saturday, November 18, 2000:

At about 21:00 local time, the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep 65 donums of agricultural land on the western side of Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip), 100 meters to the north of a military post at the junction leading to Gush Qatif settlement block (Al-Matahen junction). The swept areas, planted with olives and guavas, are owned by the brothers Yousef and Abdel-Qader Abu Houli. This sweeping took place until 5:00 local time the following morning.

# Monday, November 20, 2000:



Late at night, dozens of settlers took over 12 cabins on the coast of Khan Yunis, owned by the municipality of the city. They expelled Subhi Mallahi El-Qedra, 52 years old, who rented these cabins from the municipality, under the threat of violence. In the afternoon of the following day, the settlers repaired the cabins and fenced them with barbed wire, apparently in preparation for annexing them to Kfar Yam settlement.

## Tuesday, November 21, 2000:

At 20:00 local time, the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep large areas of agricultural land and to demolish houses in the town of Al-Qarara, to the east of the junction leading to Gush Qatif settlement block (Al-Matahen Junction) on Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip). PCHR's field officer in the area reported that the sweeping and demolition lasted until 1:00 local time this morning. Six houses were demolished after families were evacuated. The demolished houses are:

- a two-story house established on 200 square meters of land owned by A'ashour Ibrahim Mousa A'abdin, in which 15 people used to live;
- a 250-square-meter house owned by Salem Mousa A'abdin, in which 12 people used to live; 2)
- a 160-square-meter house owned by A'dnan Nayef A'abdin, in which six people used to 3) live:
- a 200-square-meter house owned by Nayef Salem A'abdin, in which eight people used to 4)
- a 150-square-meter house owned by Ahmed Ibrahim El-Qedra, in which five people used to 5) live: and
- 6) a 150-square-meter house owned by Mahmoud Ibrahim El-Qedreh.

The houses were bulldozed without their owners being able to get their furniture out. In his testimony to PCHR, Dr. Ahmed Ibrahim El-Qedreh, an owner of one of the demolished houses, stated that yesterday, at about 22:10 (local time), while he was with his family in the house, he heard sounds of a bulldozer near the house. He added that a tear gas canister was suddenly thrown into the house, forcing him and his family to leave the house. When he got out of the house, El-Qedreh saw three bulldozers and large numbers of Israeli occupation forces. These forces immediately started to bulldoze the house.

In addition, the Israeli occupation forces swept the following:

- A one-donum area of domestic birds (5,000 hens) owned by Salem Mahmoud Abu Houli. 1)
- A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Salem Mahmoud 2) Abu Houli. In addition, two rooms were demolished.
- A two-donum plant nursery owned by Suleiman Al-E'deini. 3)
- A one-donum area of land on which there were two rooms and a well, owned by Ja'far 4) Hamdan El-Oedreh.
- A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, owned by A'wni Hamdan Al-5) Agha.



- A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, owned by Mustafa Taher Al-Agha.
- 7) A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, owned by Qassem Yousef Al-Agha.

#### The Middle Area:

# Thursday, October 26, 2000:

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces swept seven donums of agricultural land planted with citrus, in the vicinity of Kfar Darom settlement, owned by Fuad El-Ja'farawi.

#### Sunday, November 5, 2000:

Early in the morning (1:00 local time), the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep areas of agricultural land 150 meters to the south of Kfar Darom settlement. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that these forces swept 10 donums of agricultural land planted with citrus and guavas, owned by the El-Jafarawi and Al-Agha families.

# Thursday, November 16, 2000:

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces swept 71.5 donums of agricultural land on the eastern side of Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip), in an area about 600 meters to the south of Kfar Darom settlement, and 300 meters to the north of the junction leading to Kissufim Crossing on the Green Line. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that the sweeping took place until 4:00 local time the following morning and included:

- 1) An 11-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms and olives, owned by Ahmed Mahmoud Abu Sarsour. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 2) A 13-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, olives, citrus and guavas, owned by Salama Nasrallah Abu A'mra.
- 3) A seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms and vegetables, owned by Abdel-Azziz Khalil.
- 4) A two-donum area of agricultural land with greenhouses planted with vegetables, owned by Mohammed Khali Abu Asad. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 5) A 2.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Shukri Salem. In addition an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 6) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms and olives, owned by Saleh Ibrahim Abu Al-Hessein. In addition, an agricultural pool and an irrigation network were destroyed.



- 7) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, on a part of which a greenhouse planted with vegetables was established, owned by Ali Mohammed Shahin.
- 8) A 10-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mahmoud Ali Shahin.
- 9) A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with palms, owned by Ahmed Mohammed Baraka.
- 10) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by A'aida Al-Ja'farawi.
- 11) An eight-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ahmed Al-Lahham.

#### Sunday, November 19, 2000:

From Sunday, at about 22:00 local time, until Monday morning, the Israeli occupation forces swept areas of agricultural land, 300 meters to the south of Kfar Darom settlement. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that the sweeping included:

- 1) A 30-donum area of agricultural land planted with oranges, owned by Abdel-Qader Abdel-Rahman Abu Bashir; and
- 2) A seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Yousef Abu Bashir. The sweeping also included areas of agricultural land 500 meters to the north of the junction leading to Kissufim Crossing on the Green Line. This sweeping included:
- 1) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Hammad Abu Haddaf; and
- 2) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Sae'id Abed Rabbo Abu Haddaf.

# Monday, November 20, 2000:

- In the morning, the Israeli occupation forces started to sweep large areas of agricultural land and to demolish houses and civilian facilities on the western side of Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip), between Kfar Darom settlement and the junction leading to Kissufim Crossing. These particular actions included:
- 1) Sweeping 50 donums of agricultural land planted with palms, owned by Ne'mat Al-Agha.
- 2) An 80-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and vegetables, owned by the El-J'afarawi family.
- 3) Demolishing a three-donum aluminum factory owned by the Al-Ja'farawi family. Eyewitnesses said that at night, the Israeli occupation forces confiscated all equipment and raw materials of the factory, transferring them via trucks to an unknown location.
- 4) Demolishing four 160-square-meter houses owned by the Al-Ja' farawi family.
- 5) Demolishing a 200-square-meter house owned by Hussein Abu Bakar.
- 6) Demolishing a 150-square-meter house owned by A'aida Al-Ja'farawi.
- 7) Demolishing a 120-square-meter house owned by Khaled Al-Husari.
- 8) Sweeping an 80-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives and vegetables, owned by the Al-Ja'farawi family.



9) Demolishing the fence of a house owned by Fadhel Hammouda.

# Tuesday, November 21, 2000:

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces swept areas of agricultural land to the east of Kfar Darom settlement. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that the sweeping included:

- 1) A two-donum area of agricultural land on which two greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Fawzi Abu Riha. In addition, a water pump was destroyed.
- 2) A seven-donum area of agricultural land on which seven greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by Mohammed Abu Bashir. In addition, a water pump was destroyed.
- 3) A seven-donum area of agricultural land on which seven greenhouses planted with vegetables were established, owned by sons of Abdel-A'zziz Abu Bashir. In addition, a water pump was destroyed.
- 4) A water pump owned by Abdel-Hamid Abu Rihan was destroyed.
- 5) A room with a water pump inside it, owned by Kamel Abu Rihan, was demolished.

On the same day, settlers, under the protection of the Israeli occupation forces, fenced 100 donums of land with barbed wire, and put four caravans on the land. The fenced land is to the south of Kfar Darom settlement and was swept by the Israeli occupation forces in previous days.

# Gaza (the road between Al-Shuhada' junction and Netzarim junction)

#### Monday, October 30, 2000:

The Israeli occupation forces swept areas near Al-Mentar Outlet that included:

- 1) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Fawzi Shehadeh Erhim. In addition, an irrigation network was completely destroyed.
- 2) A 120-square-meter, under-construction house, established on the above-mentioned swept area
- 3) A seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Sa'dallah Darwish El-Haj.
- 4) A one-donum area of agricultural land planted with vegetables, owned by Fawzi Erhim.
- 5) A post of the Palestinian National Security Forces.

#### Tuesday, November 14, 2000:

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces demolished a 120-square-meter under-construction house owned by Fawzi Erhim. The demolished house was 150 meters to the west of the road leading to Al-Shuhada' (Netzarim) junction on Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip). The house was partially demolished on October 30, 2000 and yesterday, it was completely demolished. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that a part of the southern side of an iron factory was also demolished.



# Wednesday – Friday (November 15-17, 2000):

The Israeli occupation forces swept areas of agricultural land on both sides of the road between Al-Shuhada' (Netzarim) junction on Salah El-Din Street (the main road between the north and south of the Gaza Strip) and Al-Mentar (Karni) Outlet. PCHR's field officer in the area reported that this sweeping, which started on November 15, 2000, included 50 donums of agricultural land planted with olives, two brick factories and some other civilian facilities. It included sweeping and destroying of:

- 1) A five-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohareb Ismail Abu Al-Qomboz. In addition, an agricultural pool and an irrigation network were destroyed.
- 2) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Ibrahim Faraj. In addition, a well, an agricultural pool and an irrigation network were destroyed.
- 3) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Bassem Siam.
- 4) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed O'beid. In addition, an agricultural pool and an irrigation network were destroyed.
- 5) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mahmoud Al-Harazin. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 6) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Fadhel Abu Dayyeh. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 7) A 3.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by the Abu A'ria family.
- 8) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by the Al-Shawwa family.
- 9) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by the Al-Gharabli family.
- 10) A three-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by the Al-Dahdouh family.
- 11) A four-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Kamal Hajjaj.
- 12) A seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mesbah Kashko. In addition, an irrigation network was destroyed.
- 13) A two-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Abdullah Salman.
- 14) A 1.5-donum area of agricultural land planted with olives, owned by Mohammed Selmi.
- 15) Five olive trees and a well owned by Nabil Al-Efranji.
- 16) A brick factory established on two donums of land, owned by Mesbah Kashko. Factory equipment, more than 5,000 ready-for-sale bricks and raw materials were destroyed. Losses are estimated at more than US \$25,000.
- 17) A brick factory owned by Mohammed Yousef Malaka. Factory equipment, 25,000 readyfor-sale bricks and raw materials were destroyed. Losses are estimated at more than US \$70,000.



18) A car maintenance shop, with all its equipment, owned by Mustafa Qaddoura Malaka. In addition, two cars owned by Malaka and Rebhi A'abed were destroyed.

#### The Northern Area:

# Monday-Wednesday (November 13-15, 2000):

The Israeli occupation forces resumed sweeping areas in the vicinity of Dogit Settlement, to the north of Beit Lahia. The Israeli occupation forces and Jewish settlers completed their work on a muddy road along the southern border of the settlement, which started on October 18, 2000. They expanded the northern, southern and eastern borders of the settlement by fencing a 250-donum area of land adjacent to the settlement with barbed wire.

# Sunday, November 19, 2000:

In the evening, bulldozers of the Israeli occupation forces swept areas of agricultural land to the south of Eli Sinai settlement, in the north of Beit Lahia. They swept 19 donums of agricultural land planted with lemons, olives and fruits, owned by Salah Sha'ban Khadher from Jabalya.

## Tuesday, November 21, 2000:

In the evening, the Israeli occupation forces swept more areas of agricultural land to the south of Eli Sinai settlement. The sweeping included:

- 1) a 10-donum area of agricultural planted with guavas, owned by Yousef and E'zzat Abu Aweilem;
- 2) a seven-donum area of agricultural land planted with guavas, olives and lemons, owned by Fayez El-Nahhal; and
- 3) a 50-donum area of wooded land, owned by several families, including the Al-Shorafa family.



# The following table shows the areas and locations of land swept by the Israeli occupation forces in the Gaza Strip, September 28 – November 21, 2000:

Date	Area in Donums	The Kind of Land	Location	The kind of Plantation
Oct. 7	20	Agricultural	Al-Shuhada (Netzarim) junction	Citrus
Oct.8	10	Agricultural	Beit Lahia (Dogit settlement)	Vegetables (potatoes)
Oct. 10	10	Wooded	Rafah (Morag settlement)	Wooded trees
Oct. 16	80	Wooded	Khan Yunis	Wooded trees
Oct. 18	2	Agricultural	Khan Yunis	Olives
Oct. 18	32	Sandy	Bet Lahia (Dogit settlement)	Wooded trees
Oct. 18	35	Wooded	The area near Erez	Wooded trees
Oct. 19	66	Agricultural	Khan Yunis	Citrus, olives and vegetables
Oct. 22	2	Sandy	Rafah	
Oct. 23	4	Agricultural	Khan Yunis	Olives
Oct. 23	120	Agricultural and	Al-Shuhada'	Olive and wooded trees
		wooded	(Netzarim) junction	
Oct. 23	400	Wooded	The north of Gaza (Nissanit settlement)  Wooded trees	
Oct. 25	26	Agricultural	Rafah (Morag Settlement) Olives and vegetah	
Oct. 26	30	Agricultural	Khan Yunis Olives, palms and vege (Kissufim junction)	
Oct. 26	7	Agricultural	The middle area Citrus (Kfar Darom settlement)	
Oct. 27	3	Agricultural	Rafah (Morag Palms, guavas and vege settlement)	
Oct. 29	58	Agricultural	Rafah (Morag Greenhouses planted wing settlement) vegetables	
Oct. 29	10	Wooded	Khan Yunis Wooded trees (Kissufim junction)	
Oct. 30	80	Agricultural	Rafah – Al-Salam	Olives and almonds

20



	) [ ] [				_
Nov. 1				neighborhood	
Oct. 30         12         Agricultural Outlet         Al-Mentar (Karni) Outlet         Olives A house was demolished           Nov. 1         33         Agricultural         Rafah – the borderline         Almonds and vegetables           Nov. 3         28         Agricultural         Rafah – the borderline         Olives and almonds           Nov. 5         10         Agricultural         To the south of Kfar Darom settlement         Citrus and guavas           Nov. 6         16         Agricultural         To the east of Morag settlement in Rafah         Olives and almonds           Nov. 8         14         Agricultural         Khan Yunis – Kissufim road         Olives, citrus, mangoes and vegetables           Nov. 8         600         Agricultural         Rafah – the above location         Olives, citrus, mangoes and vegetables           Nov. 9- 10         40         Agricultural         Rafah – the above location         Olives, almonds and vegetables           Nov. 11         7         Agricultural         Rafah – the above location         Olives and a greenhouse           Nov. 12         Agricultural         Khan Yunis – Vegetables         Vegetables           Nov. 15         Agricultural         Khan Yunis – Kissufim road         Olives, almonds, palms, grapes, figs and vegetables           Nov. 15         13	Oct. 30	5	Agricultural	Rafah – Al-Salam	Olives
Oct. 30				neighborhood	
Oct. 30	Oct. 30	12	Agricultural		Olives
Nov. 1   33   Agricultural   Rafah – the borderline				` '	A house was demolished
Nov. 1   33   Agricultural   Rafah – the borderline	Oct. 30	1	Agricultural	Al-Mentar (Karni)	Vegetables
Nov. 3					
Nov. 3	Nov. 1	33	Agricultural	Rafah – the	Almonds and vegetables
Nov. 5				borderline	
Nov. 5	Nov. 3	28	Agricultural	Rafah – the	Olives and almonds
Nov. 5				borderline	
Nov. 6	Nov. 5	10	Agricultural		Citrus and guavas
Nov. 6				Kfar Darom	
Nov. 8				settlement	
Nov. 8	Nov. 6	16	Agricultural	To the east of	Olives and almonds
Nov. 8				Morag settlement	
Nov. 8   600   Agricultural   The borderline – from Rafah border Crossing to the village of Al-Dehneya				_	
Nov. 8   600   Agricultural   The borderline – from Rafah border Crossing to the village of Al-Dehneya   Olives, almonds and vegetables	Nov. 8	14	Agricultural	Khan Yunis –	Olives and almonds
Nov. 9-				Kissufim road	
Nov. 9-	Nov. 8	600	Agricultural	The borderline –	Olives, citrus, mangoes and
Crossing to the village of Al-Dehneya				from Rafah border	
Nov. 9- 40   Agricultural   Rafah – the above   Olives, almonds and vegetables				Crossing to the	
Nov. 9- 1040Agricultural locationRafah – the above locationOlives, almonds and vegetablesNov. 117Agricultural AgriculturalRafah – the above locationOlives and a greenhouseNov. 10-1112Agricultural Qeizan Al-NajjarVegetablesNov. 13-14155Agricultural Kissufim roadOlives, almonds, palms, grapes, figs and vegetablesNov. 14-1588.5Agricultural Kissufim roadOlives, almonds, pomegranates, palm trees and vegetablesNov. 13-1513Agricultural BoddedRafah – the borderlineOlives, citrus, fruits and vegetablesNov. 13-15220WoodedThe vicinity of Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus					
Nov. 11   7   Agricultural   Rafah – the above location   Nov. 12   Agricultural   Khan Yunis – Qeizan Al-Najjar   Olives, almonds, palms, 13-14   Khan Yunis – Kissufim road   Safah – the pomegranates, palm trees and vegetables				Dehneya	
Nov. 117AgriculturalRafah – the above locationOlives and a greenhouseNov. 10-1112AgriculturalKhan Yunis – Qeizan Al-NajjarVegetablesNov. 15155AgriculturalKhan Yunis – Kissufim roadOlives, almonds, palms, grapes, figs and vegetablesNov. 14-1513AgriculturalKhan Yunis – Kissufim roadOlives, almonds, pomegranates, palm trees and vegetablesNov. 1513AgriculturalRafah – the borderlineOlives, citrus, fruits and vegetablesNov. 15220WoodedThe vicinity of Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus	Nov. 9-	40	Agricultural	Rafah – the above	Olives, almonds and
Nov.   12   Agricultural   Khan Yunis -   Vegetables	10				
Nov.   12   Agricultural   Khan Yunis -   Vegetables	Nov. 11	7	Agricultural	Rafah – the above	Olives and a greenhouse
Nov.   155   Agricultural   Khan Yunis -   Olives, almonds, palms,   13-14   Khan Yunis -   Olives, almonds, palms,   grapes, figs and vegetables   Nov.   88.5   Agricultural   Khan Yunis -   Olives, almonds,   pomegranates, palm trees and   vegetables   Nov.   15   13   Agricultural   Rafah - the   Dorderline   vegetables   Nov.   220   Wooded   The vicinity of   Annexed to the settlement   with other areas that were   the northwest of   Beit Lahia   Nov.   15   60   Agricultural   Salah El-Din Street   Olives and citrus				location	
Nov. 13-14155 13-14Agricultural Kissufim road Kissufim road Kissufim road Kissufim road Kissufim road Kissufim road Kissufim road WegetablesOlives, almonds, palms, grapes, figs and vegetables Olives, almonds, pomegranates, palm trees and vegetablesNov. 1513Agricultural BorderlineRafah – the borderline VegetablesOlives, citrus, fruits and vegetablesNov.220WoodedThe vicinity of Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus	Nov.	12	Agricultural	Khan Yunis –	Vegetables
Nov.   88.5   Agricultural   Khan Yunis –   Olives, almonds, pomegranates, palm trees and vegetables	10-11			Qeizan Al-Najjar	_
Nov. 14-1588.5Agricultural Kissufim roadKhan Yunis – Pomegranates, palm trees and VegetablesNov. 1513Agricultural BorderlineRafah – the VegetablesOlives, citrus, fruits and VegetablesNov. 13-15220Wooded Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus	Nov.	155	Agricultural	Khan Yunis –	Olives, almonds, palms,
Nov. 15   13   Agricultural   Rafah – the borderline   Vegetables	13-14			Kissufim road	grapes, figs and vegetables
Nov. 15   13   Agricultural   Rafah – the borderline   Vegetables	Nov.	88.5	Agricultural	Khan Yunis –	
Nov. 15 13 Agricultural Rafah – the borderline vegetables  Nov. 220 Wooded The vicinity of Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit Lahia  Nov. 15 60 Agricultural Salah El-Din Street Vegetables  Olives, citrus, fruits and vegetables  Annexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18	14-15			Kissufim road	
Nov.220WoodedThe vicinity of Dogit settlement – the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus					,
Nov.220WoodedThe vicinity of Dogit settlement - the northwest of Beit LahiaAnnexed to the settlement with other areas that were swept on Oct. 18Nov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus	Nov. 15	13	Agricultural	Rafah – the	
Dogit settlement – with other areas that were the northwest of Beit Lahia  Nov. 15 60 Agricultural Salah El-Din Street Olives and citrus				borderline	vegetables
the northwest of Beit Lahia  Nov. 15 60 Agricultural Salah El-Din Street Olives and citrus	Nov.	220	Wooded	The vicinity of	Annexed to the settlement
Beit LahiaNov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus	13-15			Dogit settlement –	with other areas that were
Beit LahiaNov. 1560AgriculturalSalah El-Din StreetOlives and citrus				the northwest of	swept on Oct. 18
				Beit Lahia	
– to the north of	Nov. 15	60	Agricultural	Salah El-Din Street	Olives and citrus
				– to the north of	

21

\_ \_ \_



1111,	`				
		issufim	junction		



Nov.	50	Agricultural	Netzarim-Al-	Olives
15-17			Mentar road	
Nov. 16	54	Agricultural	Rafah – Al-Salam	Almonds, olives and palm
			neighborhood trees	
Nov. 16	71.5	Agricultural	Salah El-Din Street	Palm trees, olives, citrus,
			– to the south of	fruits and greenhouses
			Kfar Darom	planted with vegetables
			settlement	
Nov.	65	Agricultural	Salah El-Din Street	Olives and guavas
18-19			– to the north of	
			Gush Qatif	
			junction	
Nov.	44	Agricultural	Salah El-Din Street	Olives, oranges and
19-20			– to the south of	vegetables
			Kfar Darom	
			settlement and the	
			north of Kissufim	
			junction	
Nov. 20	50	Agricultural	To the south of	Palm trees
			Kfar Darom	
			settlement	
Nov. 20	80	Agricultural	Salah El-Din Street	Olives and vegetables
			– to the south of	
			Kfar Darom	
			settlement	
Nov. 21	2	Agricultural	The borderline in	Olives
			Rafah – Al-Salam	
			neighborhood	
Nov. 21	1	Agricultural	The borderline in	A bird farm
			Rafah – Al-Salam	
			neighborhood	
Nov. 21	9.5	Agricultural	To the east of Gush	Palm trees, olives and a bird
			Qatif junction	farm
Nov. 21	16		To the east of Kfar	Greenhouses and irrigation
			Darom settlement	facilities
Nov. 19	19	Agricultural	To the south of Eli	Lemons, olives and fruits
			Sinai settlement –	
			the north of the	
) T			Gaza Strip	
Nov. 21	67	Agricultural	To the south of Eli	Guavas, olives, lemons and
			Sinai settlement –	wooded trees
			the north of the	
			Gaza Strip	



1111		(continuing sweeping of Nov. 19)	
Total	2838.5		

24

Gaza - Omar El Mukhtar St., - Qadada Building - Near Amal Hotel - P.O. Box 1204 - Tel/Fax: 07 - 2824776 / 2825893